# EFFECTIVE STRATEGIES FOR GROWTH IN INTERNATIONAL MARKETS: CASE STUDIES



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# The Global Innovation Imperative

- •Innovation is Key to Growing and Maintaining a Country's **Competitive** Position
- •Collaboration among SME's and Large Businesses, Universities, and Research Institutes is Essential for Commercialization
- •New Institutions and Incentives, are important to support collaboration and foster innovation... INNOVATION INTERMEDIARIES
- •Competition & Economic growth are closely related to education/workforce, human capital, energy, climate change, environmental, natural resource, geopolitical issues & entrepreneurship



INNOVATION MATTERS





# Why Is Innovation Essential?

"INNOVATION DISTINGUISHES BETWEEN A LEADER AND A FOLLOWER."

-STEVE JOBS







#### How Leading Nations Responding to the Innovation Imperative?

#### They are providing four things:

- High-level Focus
- •Sustained Support for R&D: Leveraging Public and Private Funds
- Support for Innovative SMEs
- New Innovation Partnerships to bring new products and services to market

Note: Many countries and regions are investing very substantial resources to create, attract and retain industries in leading sectors







# The New Locational Competition

#### Definition: The competition for economic activity

Intense and growing competition among nations and regions for well paid jobs and improving living standards......







# Years to Reach 50 Million Users

Radio 38 years





Internet 4 years



iPod 3 years



Source: Steve Burrill

60 million status updates happen on Facebook daily

Attach: 

Share





# The World Has Changed and Is Changing...

"Smart phones" (mobile connectivity devices) + Social networks that engage people









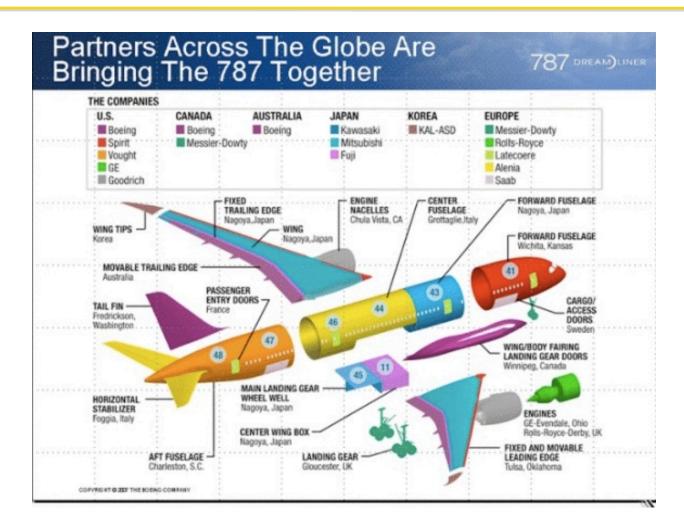
- Mobile devices like the iPad, iPhone and Android phones
  - Moved desktop browser activities to mobile devices.
  - Moved offline activities to online mobile devices.
  - Made people comfortable accessing sensitive data (e.g. bank accounts)
  - Social networks
  - Made people look for answers to their problems
  - Made people share answers to other people's problems through their social graph







# **Global Open Innovation**







# Why Do Nations Need an Innovation Strategy?

- Because technological innovation drives long-run economic growth.
- Difficulty in addressing complex and systemic challenges.
- Markets alone do not produce societally optimal levels of innovation.



Because the stakes have been raised.







# What is a National Science and Innovation Strategy?

- "Those elements of science, technology, and economic policy that explicitly aim at promoting the development, spread, and efficient use of new products, processes, and services."
- A well-conceived, strategic approach to drive innovation that proactively anticipates and articulates the interactions among policies across:
  - Science and technology
  - R&D
  - Commercialization strategies
  - Education & skills
  - Immigration
  - Statistics/measurement

- Tax
- Trade
- Intellectual property
- Competition/Regulatory
- Public procurement
- Public sector innovation





# **Selected Nations with National Strategies**

- China
- Denmark
- Finland
- Germany
- India
- Ireland
- Japan
- Korea
- Netherlands

Source: Rob Atkinson AAAS 2011

innovation © iA 2011

- Norway
- Portugal
- South Africa
- Sweden
- Taiwan
- Thailand
- United Kingdom
- Uruguay
- United States



## What is Distinctive About Them?

**Australia** Canada, **Denmark Finland** Ireland, **Japan Netherlands Singapore** Korea Sweden

All declared a goal to lead the world in transitioning to a digital economy.







## **Ambitious Goals**

#### **Lead in Key Technology Areas:**

IT: Australia, Canada, Denmark,Finland, Ireland, Japan, theNetherlands, Singapore, Korea, &Sweden



## Clean Energy:

Korea, Japan and China

# Significantly Boost R&D Intensity:

Korea, Canada, Turkey, China.







# **Innovation Tax Policy**

Patent box

 Collaborative R&D tax credits (Denmark, Korea, France, Japan, Spain, UK)

 R&D tax credits to services industries; (Denmark, Netherlands, Norway)

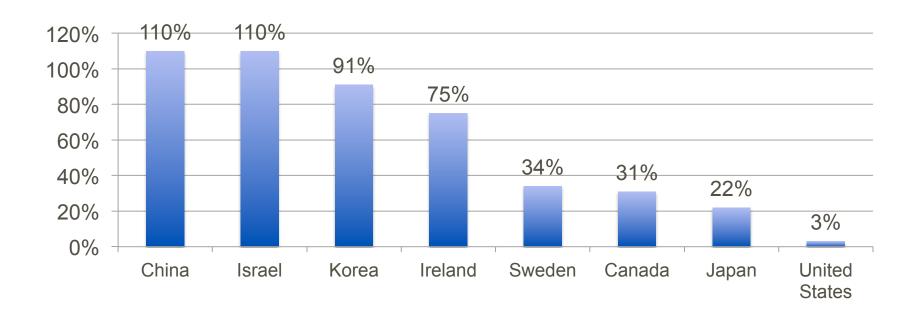






## Worldwide Investment in R&D

\*While U.S. R&D intensity increased by 3% percent from 1987-2008, R&D intensity increased substantially more in most other nations, including:







# **THE BRICs**









#### **BRAZIL**

Economy growing at an annualized rate of 5%

Sao Paulo will be the 5<sup>TH</sup> wealthiest city by 2025

#### **RUSSIA**

Highest level of educated population among the BRIC countries

Population set to decline from 143M (2010) to 111M (2050)

#### **INDIA**

Poised to become 5th largest consumer economy (\$1.5T) by 2025

#### **CHINA**

Rampant capitalism – Public equity markets "hot"





# Importance of Major Research Universities

- The primary driver of the future economy and job creation will be innovation, largely driven by science and engineering (Gathering Storm Report)
- Global economic competitiveness requires the confluence of scientific discovery that creates knowledge and technological opportunity, workforce talent, and access to enabling resources.
- Select contributions of U.S. research institutions to the national economy:
  - -2009: >3,300 patents issued to universities.
  - -More than \$40 billion and 270,000 jobs added annually to U.S. economy.
  - -More than **500 companies formed** annually around university discoveries.



# Innovation Economy: Definitions & Terminology

- KNOWLEDGE is the confident understanding of a subject, potentially with the ability to use it for a specific purpose
- KNOWLEDGE ECONOMY is based on creating, evaluating, and trading knowledge
- transformation of knowledge into new products, processes, and services that meet market need.....and interactions, entertainment forms, and ways of communicating and collaborating







# **Innovation Ecosystem**

#### **INPUT**

Knowledge Creation

&
Translational
Research

Basic

Proof of Concept

#### "INTERACTION FIELDS"

Education/ Human Resources

**Human Networks** 

**Networks of Funds** 

**Regional Clusters** 

University-Industry Collaborations

**IP Strategies** 

#### **OUTPUT**

**Jobs** 

Proof of

Relevance

Wealth Creation

**Commercialization** 

New Products & Services

**New Markets** 

**Companies** 

The concept of the **Innovation Ecosystem** stresses that the flow of technology and information among people, enterprises and institutions is key to a vibrant innovation process.





# **Private/Public Partnership**

#### **ACADEMIA**

- RESEARCH/T2
- LIFELONG LEARNING
- ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

#### **INDUSTRY**

- PROFIT
- PROCESS
- PRODUCT

INSEPARABLE MISSIONS

#### **GOVERNMENT**

- Sustainability
- QUALITY OF LIFE
- ECONOMIC POLICY

#### **FOUNDATIONS**

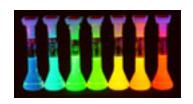
- ECONOMIC GROWTH
- COMMUNITY INVESTMENT
  - REGIONAL COLLABORATION





# Implementing a New Innovation Paradigm

- Deviate from traditional perspectives
- Encourage public investment and risk taking
- Develop trust through collaboration
- Ensuring responsiveness to partners' missions
- Build consensus of all constituents through education, participation, and positive outcomes
- Move from TBED to IBED
- Innovation-Based Economic Development







# **Innovation Paradigm Shift**

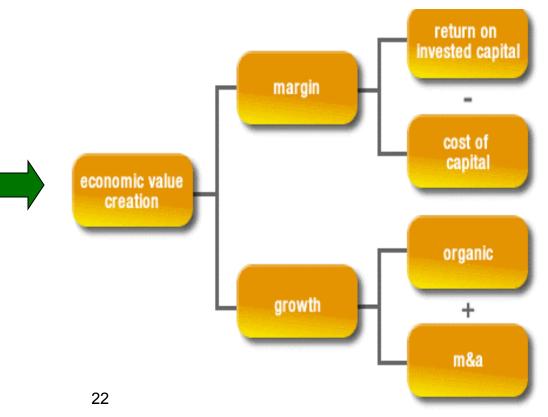
PROOF OF CONCEPT (Technological Feasibility)

"It Works!"

PROOF OF RELEVANCE
(Market Pull)

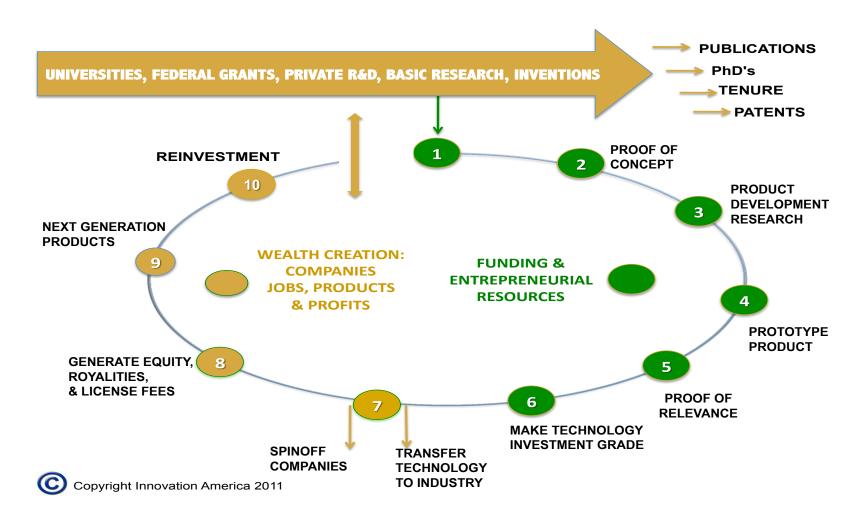
"It Works To Solve A Problem"







# **Innovation America Commercialization Model**







# **Small Business**



"On average and for all but seven years between 1977 and 2005, existing firms are net job destroyers, losing 1 million jobs net combined per year. By contrast, in their first year, new firms add an average of 3 million jobs," the study reports.

Kauffman Foundation

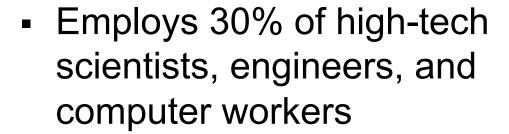
Source: Research Series: Firm Formation and Economic Growth





# SME's

 Generates 60 to 80% of net new jobs annually





 Produces 13 to 14 times more patents per employee than large firms









# Top Reasons Why Start-ups Fail

- Management failure
- Failure to raise sufficient capital
- Innovation does not meet a commercial need
- Geography
- Cultural factors
- Government laws, bureaucracy, and programs
- Infighting within the start-up team
- Problems with IP
- Poor business plan
- Unrealistic expectations

Source: Beyond the First World - BFW News







# Government's Role in Innovation

- Long term vision and planning
- Identify gaps and trends in science, technology, innovation and SME development
- Be a catalyst through long-term strategic investments and partnering
- Develop a balanced and flexible research and development investment portfolio
- Encourage private sector innovation
- Establish performance-based research and development
- Accelerate the commercial exploitation of creativity and knowledge, through innovation and research, to create wealth, grow the economy, build successful businesses and improve quality of life







# Canada and US Cross Border Facts

- •300,000 travelers cross the Canada US Border Everyday
- •35,000 trucks cross the border everyday
- •\$1.6 Billion of trade everyday



# The Big Table

Film and Video Incentives in Canada (2010)

Digital Media and Animation Incentives in Canada (2010)





## Canadian Based Digital Media Cross Border Collaborations

















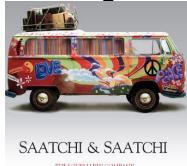




















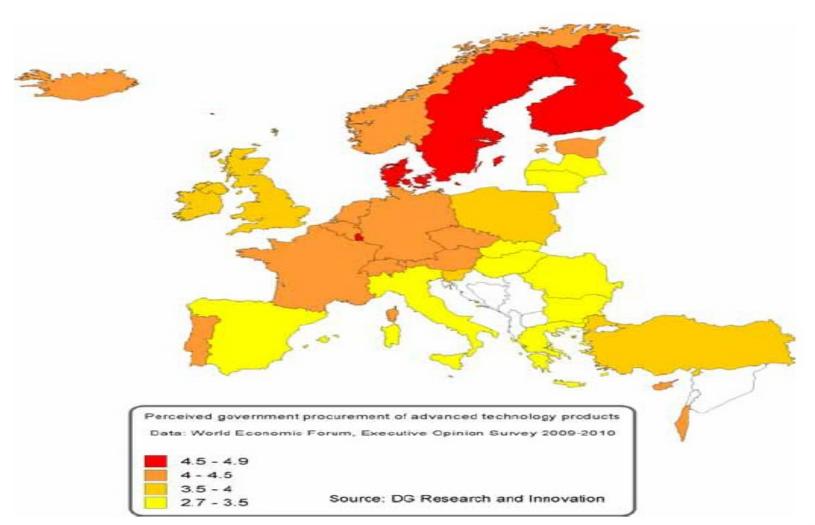








# Perceived Government Procurement of Advanced Technology Products - 2009







## **EU: Pre-Commercial Procurement**

# Pre-commercial procurement:

DRIVING INNOVATION TO ENSURE HIGH QUALITY PUBLIC

Pre-commercial procurement is an approach for procuring R&D services which enables public procurers to:

- •Share the risks and benefits of designing, prototyping and testing new products and services with the suppliers, without involving State aid
- •Create the optimum conditions for wide commercialization and takeup of R&D results through standardization and/or publication;
- Pool the efforts of several procurers.







# **COTEC - Portugal**

**Founded:** May 2003 - COTEC is a national innovation intermediary that supports innovative high growth SME's and is funded by largest private corporations in Portugal

#### Mission:

To promote the competitiveness of companies established in Portugal, through the development and the diffusion of a culture and practice of innovation as well as of 'resident' knowledge

#### Vision:

To become a key agent of business innovation in Portugal, by challenging both public and private organizations of the national innovation system (NIS) and by coordinating its intervention with them

#### **Strategic Themes:**

- •To promote a culture of innovation as a crucial source of company competitiveness
- •To foster the practice of innovation by all the agents of the NIS
- •To influence the strategic orientation of both the Portuguese and the European Innovation Systems
- To remove context barriers to innovation





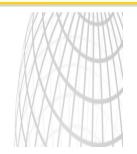
# Potential of Global Adaptation of Regional Practices

# FORMATION OF THE INTERNATIONAL COMMERCIALIZATION ALLIANCE

#### **Goals:**

- •Promote international networking and partnerships with a potential outcome of creating new multilateral or bilateral partnerships
- •Share exemplary practices in the commercialization of outcomes from research in each of our regions
- •Provide feedback to support these assessments and the metrics
- Host annual conference to present and discuss the successful practices, emerging models & determine relevance universally
- •Share outcomes of commercialization in our regions and the impact of publicly funded research on our customers and stakeholders.

The International Commercialization Alliance











# University City Science Center Philadelphia Global Soft Landing

- Established in 2005
- •2 million Sq. Ft.
- Wet Labs
- Proof of Concept Funding
- Focus on Asia and Europe
- •Relationships with JETRO (Japan), Rhone/Alps Region (France) & Belgium Trade Office (Wallonia Foreign Trade & Investment), Spain, UK and Germany
- Networks for Biosciences







## Jobs! Jobs! Jobs!

# Does Seed Investing REALLY Create Jobs?







# **Public Investment In Job Creation**

Category	State of PA	CDVCA*	State of UTAH	State of MI	Stimulus Bill
Funds Invested	\$90M	\$26M	\$60M	\$291M	\$800B
Jobs Created	8,150	3.700	2,047	28,854	4,000,000
\$ Per Job Invested	\$11,000	\$7,100	\$29,300	\$11,728	\$200,000

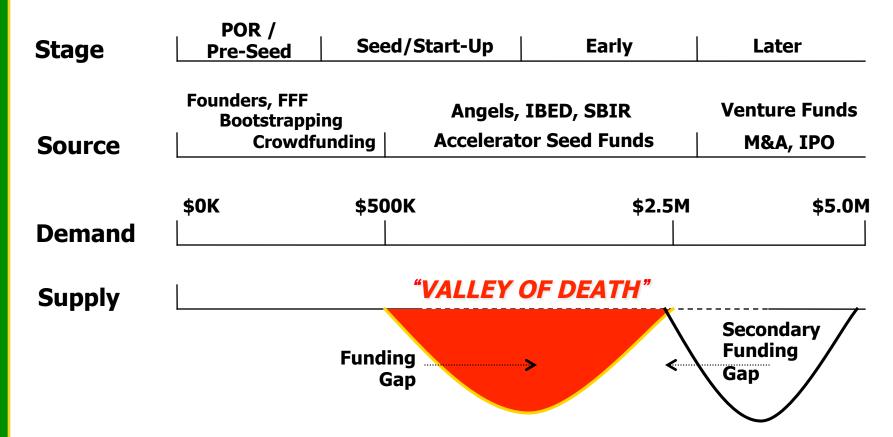
<sup>\*</sup>Community Development Venture Capital Alliance





# **Innovation Capital Valley of Death**

#### "VALLEY OF DEATH"







# Funding & Resources for Innovation Capital

#### Seed













#### **IBED**

















#### **Federal**







**SBIC Program** 

**CRADA** 

**PCP** 



#### **Angel**















#### **Accelerators**























## **Traditional & Innovation-Based Development**

Competitive **Basis** 

## Traditional

Natural resources Highways / Rail **Proximity** Costs



Specialized talent Networks, information University research / professors Market understanding Global Reach

i.e. PHYSICAL

 Key values / offerings

**Incentives** 

Lead Organization

Business parks

Chambers / **EDCs** 

i.e. KNOWLEDGE



Access to research Workforce competencies Lifestyle



**Economic developers** 

**Innovation Intermediaries** 





# What is a Innovation Intermediary?

An Organization at the Center of the region's, state's or country's efforts to align local technologies, assets and resources to work together on advancing Innovation.







# 21<sup>st</sup> Century Innovation Intermediary

Leverage & Alignment of Funding & Resources

Research & Marketing of the Strengths of the Innovation Economy

### **Programs**

**Connectivity** of

Key Human &

Commercialization
Direct Investment
Angel Capital
SBIR Programs
Technology Mining / Intellectual
Property Programs





## **Canadian Innovation Intermediaries**







NRC The National Research Council

Développement économique













## **European Innovation Intermediaries**



Associação Empresarial para a Inovação

http://www.cotec.pt



http://www.tekes.fi



http://techsoutheast.ca/index.php



http://www.innovasjonnorge.no



http://www.vinnova.se



http://www.senternovem.nl





# **U.S. State Innovation Programs**





























# **Regional Innovation Clusters**

## Five Key Components to Consider When Defining Unique Regional Assets

What you make, including your existing & prospective industry clusters

What you do: your workforce skills & human capital base

ECONOMIC BASE ENTRE-PRENEURSHIP

**TALENT** 

INNOVATION & IDEAS

Location, Infrastructure, Amenities, Factor Costs, Natural Resources

Your capacity to create companies wholly new or from existing firms

Your capacity to innovate and generate new ideas

The basic conditions defining the economic milieu of the region





# Regional IBED Intermediaries



























# What Is A Road Map.....Why Is It Needed?

- •A roadmap answers the question "Where do we want to be and how to we get there?"
- •A cluster roadmap *provides strategies and action* plans to best *achieve a vision of the future shared by a critical mass* of industry-related organizations.
- •The strategies and action plans are developed according to the unique strengths of the cluster and region as compared to a global market opportunity.

#### Cluster Roadmap Development "TO BE" STATE (10 years) CURRENT STATE Identify Regional **MoCo Vision** Assets Regional Strategy & Our globally distinctive role Understand Global Market based characterization Action Plan to Achieve Market of success the Vision Economic impact in jobs and Assess Competitive output (metrics) Regional Landscape





## **Innovation America: Innovation Road Map Process**

- 1. Literature Review of Comparables
- 2. Key Stakeholder Interviews/Recommendations
- 3. Asset Mapping/Cluster Analysis
- 4. GIS Innovation Mapping
- 5. Innovation Benchmarking/Index (Peer 2 Peer)
- 6. Innovation and Entrepreneurship Resource Identification (Entrepreneur Resource Guide and Database)
- 7. Innovation Economic Development Organizational Analysis and Matrix
- 8. Innovation & Commercialization Gap Analysis (programs & services)
- 9. Innovation Ecosystem Public Policy Recommendations
- 10. Develop Strategic Plan
- 11. Organizational Leadership and Staffing
- 12. Operations/Implementation Plan and Program Portfolio
- 13. Branding/Marketing Strategy and Market Research
- 14. Economic Impact Analysis
- 15. Celebrate Success







## **Bill Gates - Microsoft**

"Never before in history has innovation offered promise of so much to so many in so short a time."







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